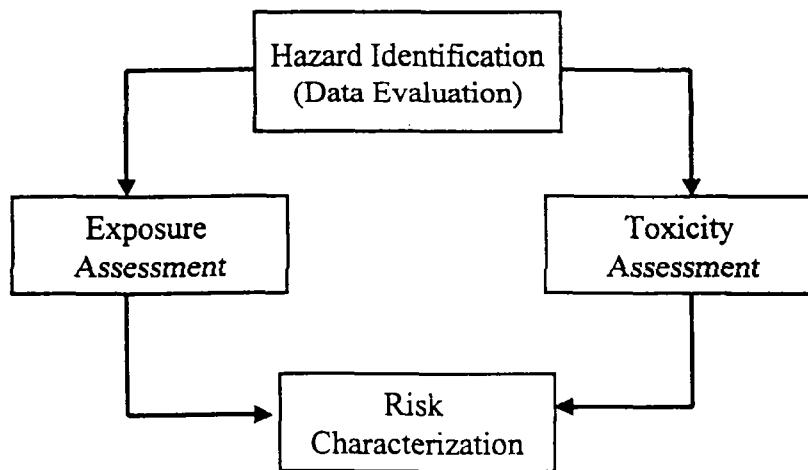


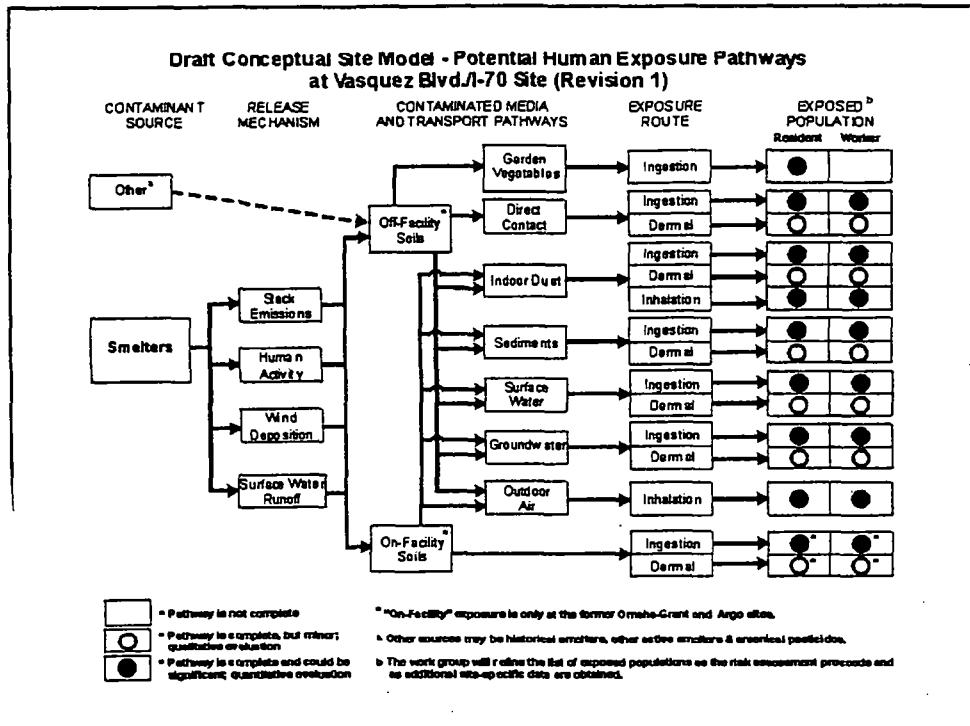


VBI70 Workgroup Risk Assessment Presentation

Chris Weis
Regional Toxicologist
U.S. EPA Region 8
September 2, 1999

Risk Assessment Process





Estimating Exposure to Soil Contaminants

$$\text{Intake (or Dose)} \approx \frac{C \times IR \times ABS \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$$

Where:

- C = soil and dust concentration - collected now, date *Collected now, date C term + build this*
- IR = ingestion rate - difficult to measure.
- ABS = absorbed fraction (bioavailability)
- EF = exposure frequency - how often
- ED = exposure duration - for how long (years...)
- BW = body Weight - human parameter - avg + ranges of body weight
- AT = averaging time

Exposure Evaluation for Soil and Dust

ingested
dust

$$DI = DI_{Soil} + DI_{Dust}$$

$$DI_{Soil} = C_{Soil} \times \left[\left(\frac{IR_{Soil}}{BW} \times \frac{EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{Child} + \left(\frac{IR_{Soil}}{BW} \times \frac{EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{Adult} \right]$$

$$DI_{Dust} = C_{Dust} \times \left[\left(\frac{IR_{Dust}}{BW} \times \frac{EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{Child} + \left(\frac{IR_{Dust}}{BW} \times \frac{EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{Adult} \right]$$

How will EPA address
soil and dust ingestion?

$$IR_{Soil} = IR_{Total} \times F$$

- Fraction of
fine or

$$IR_{Dust} = IR_{Total} \times (1 - F)$$

what is left over
more
soil.

F = fraction of total that is soil

Parameter	Child		Adult		
	Avg	RME	Avg	RME	
BW	Body weight (kg)	15 (a) 15 (a)	15 (a)	70 (a)	70 (a)
IR	Intake rate (total) (mg/day)	100 (a) adjust for RME	200 (a)	50 (a)	100 (a)
F	Fraction of total that is soil	0.45 (c)	0.45 (c)	0.45 (c)	0.45 (c)
EF	Exposure frequency (days/yr)	350 (b)	350 (a)	350 (b)	350 (a)
ED	Exposure duration (yrs)	2 (b)	6 (a)	7 (b)	24 (a)
AT	Averaging time (days)	9*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)	30*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)	9*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)	30*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)
D0	Background concentration in dust (mg/kg)	To be based on site specific data (default = 0)			
ksd	Increase in dust per unit in soil (mg/kg per mg/kg)	To be based on site specific data (default = 0.8)			

*3 types
root crop
leafy veg
fruiting veg
garden veg*
How will EPA address vegetable ingestion??

*however rare
of regular
part*

$$DI = DI_{type\ 1} + DI_{type\ 2} + \dots + DI_{type\ n}$$

$$DI_{type\ i} = C_i \times \left[\left(\frac{IR_i \times EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{Child} + \left(\frac{IR_i \times EF \times ED}{AT} \right)_{adult} \right]$$

ph. ic

Table 1
Summary of Homegrown Vegetable Intake Values

Homegrown Vegetable Intake (g ww/kg-day)	Asparagus		Beets		Broccoli		Cabbage		Carrots		Corn		Cucumbers		Lettuce		Lima Beans		
	EFH, T 13-35	P50	EFH, T 13-37	P95	EFH, T 13-38	P50	EFH, T 13-39	P95	EFH, T 13-40	P50	EFH, T 13-41	P95	EFH, T 13-42	P50	EFH, T 13-45	P95	EFH, T 13-46	P50	P95
Age 1-2																			
Age 3-5													1	5.35					
Age 6-11													0.513	3.37					
Age 12-19													0.343	1.88					
Age 20-39			0.285	0.999						0.199	0.756	0.371	2.64	0.309	1.49			0.234	1.1
Age 40-69	0.4	1.24	0.397	1.15	0.351	0.815	0.713	5.29	0.367	1.01	0.516	3.22	0.684	3.27	0.491	1.05	0.293	1.71	
Average, Age 1-5 [a]	0.95	2.00	0.81	1.73	0.84	1.31	1.70	8.52	0.67	1.42	1.00	5.35	1.18	3.83	1.17	1.69	0.63	2.26	
Average, Age 6-69	0.40	1.24	0.34	1.07	0.35	0.82	0.71	5.29	0.28	0.88	0.44	2.78	0.50	2.38	0.49	1.05	0.26	1.41	
Total population	0.40	1.63	0.40	1.36	0.29	0.97	0.78	2.35	0.33	1.08	0.48	3.37	0.54	2.79	0.28	1.03	0.29	1.69	

Notes:

Blank cell indicates that data not available.

[a] If data not available for child, the child vegetable intake is based on the average adult vegetable intake for age 6-69 multiplied by a conversion factor of 2.38 for P50 values and 1.61 for P95 values. These conversion factors are estimated by comparing total vegetable time-weighted intakes for the 1-5 age group and 6-69 age group presented in Table 13-13 of USEPA's 1997 Exposure Factors Handbook.

Table 1
Summary of Homegrown Vegetable Intake Values

Homegrown Vegetable Intake (g ww/kg-day)	Okra		Onions		Peas		Peppers		Pumpkins		Snap Beans		Tomatoes		White Potatoes	
	EFH, T 13-47		EFH, T 13-48		EFH, T 13-52		EFH, T 13-53		EFH, T 13-56		EFH, T 13-57		EFH, T 13-59		EFH, T 13-60	
	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95	P50	P95
Age 1-2													1.66	10.7		
Age 3-5													1.16	4.88	1.25	6.25
Age 6-11			0.228	1.36	0.387	1.4	0.162	0.77					0.642	2.75	0.755	5.7
Age 12-19			0.142	0.759	0.358	0.822							0.504	1.79	0.521	1.94
Age 20-39			0.191	0.935	0.254	1.36	0.119	0.624	0.477	2.67	0.496	1.64	0.515	2.1	1	3.08
Age 40-69	0.307	1.14	0.172	0.69	0.304	1.3	0.166	0.744	0.523	3.02	0.561	1.77	0.746	3.05	1.31	5.29
Average, Age 1-5 [a]	0.73	1.84	0.44	1.51	0.78	1.97	0.35	1.15	1.19	4.58	1.16	4.88	1.46	8.48	3.15	7.25
Average, Age 6-69	0.31	1.14	0.18	0.94	0.33	1.22	0.15	0.71	0.50	2.85	0.55	1.99	0.63	3.20	1.32	4.50
Total population	0.30	1.21	0.21	0.91	0.32	1.46			0.56	1.79	0.57	2.01	0.74	3.54	1.27	4.76

Notes:

Blank cell indicates that data not available.

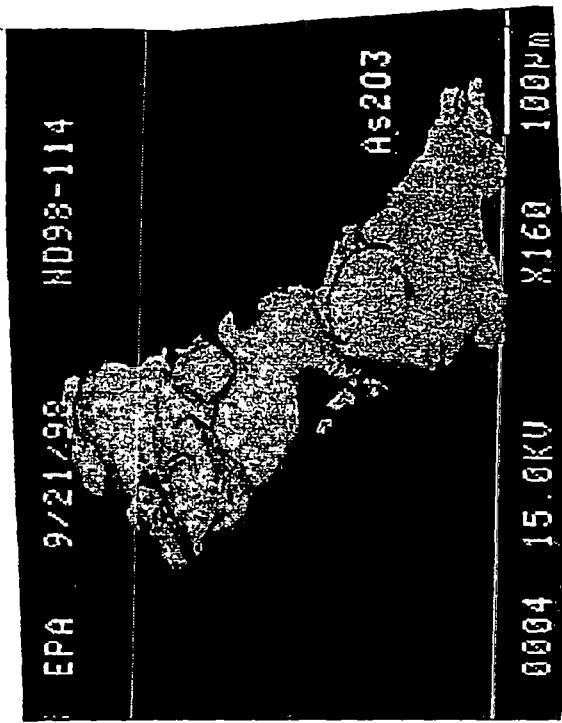
[a] If data not available for child, the child vegetable intake is based on the average adult vegetable intake for age 6-69 multiplied by a conversion factor of 2.38 for P50 values and 1.61 for P95 values. These conversion factors are estimated by comparing total vegetable time-weighted intakes for the 1-5 age group and 6-69 age group presented in Table 13-13 of USEPA's 1997 Exposure Factors Handbook.

Exposure for Home Grown Vegetables

Parameter	Child		Adult	
	Avg	RME	Avg	RME
IRi	Intake rate (g ww/kg bw/day) Vegetable type specific; data are available in EFH; see next page			
EF	Exposure frequency (days/yr)	350 (b)	350 (a)	350 (b)
ED	Exposure duration (yrs)	2 (b)	6 (a)	7 (b)
AT	Averaging time (days)	9*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)	30*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)	9*365 (noncancer) 70*365 (cancer)

Bioavailability

- Is a measure of the fraction of material ingested which is absorbed into the blood;
- is commonly measured for pharmaceutical drugs, food additives, and environmental contaminants;
- can be estimated using animal models
Swine study.



Objectives of the Bioavailability Study

- to determine whether VBI70 Soil arsenic is absorbed to a lesser or greater extent than freely soluble arsenic in water; and
- to estimate a site specific absorption fraction for soil arsenic which is protective...but plausibly applicable for human health risk assessment at the VBI70

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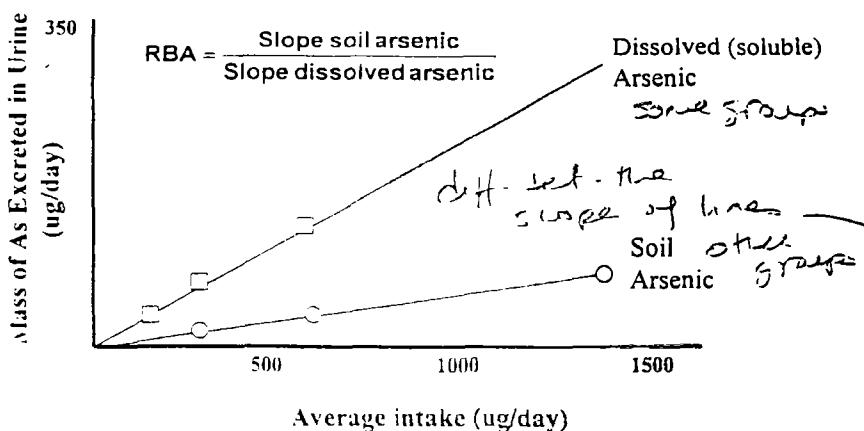
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Arsenic Bioavailability in Pigs

RBA = "Ratio of slopes" for two linear responses



50
Proposed Bioavailability Study Design

Group	Number Animals	Test Substance	Dose Route	Dose ^{PO} (ug As/kg-day)
1	4	Control	oral	0
2	4	NaAs Sodium As	oral	50
3	4	NaAs dissolved in H ₂ O	oral	125
4	4	Test Soil #1	oral	50
5	4	Test Soil #1	oral	125
6	4	Test Soil #2	oral	50
7	4	Test Soil #2	oral	125
8	4	Test Soil #3	oral	50
9	4	Test Soil #3	oral	125
10	4	Test Soil #4	oral	50
11	4	Test Soil #4	oral	125